

1. Title

Smallest Nanoelectronics with Adatom Chains

2. Author

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3. Conference

A conference talk will be given at NanoSpace-98 of NASA Johnson Space Center, November 1-6, 1998. I do not submit a proceedings paper although authors were invited to do so. Therefore, none of the slides will be published.

5. About VI author/originator verification in form 1676

(1) There is no export controlled, confidential commercial information.

(2) Regarding the patent, the technical field covered here is related to ARC-14246, "Doping Method of Semiconducting Atomic Chains." This is a talk only, without a proceedings paper (abstract was submitted last spring, and form 1676 was filed and approved at that time), and ARC-14246 covers the content. The talk is focused on the general aspect of atomic chain electronics that I have been studying for last three years. Results have been published before, but are being rederived here using a *new* physical/mathematical picture/model, which deepens the physical understanding. The content is protected from a patent point of view.

6. Slides

See the attached copy.

RTOP # 519-40-12 Description

RTOP # 519-40-12 authorizes Code IN work by the Application Analysis and Tools (AAT) Group in partial fulfillment of Information Technology (IT) program objectives documented in the IT Program Statement, cf. Sec. 2.1.1.1. Technology dissemination is authorized under guidelines set forth in Sec. 5.0 "Technology Transfer/Sensitive Data Control". The IT program is currently administered by acting program manager Eugene Tu (ext. 4-4486).

The document entitled "**Smallest Nanoelectronics with Adatom Chains**", written by **Toshishige Yamada**, conforms to Sec. 5.0 guidelines, and contains no material under direct or indirect control of the U.S. Commerce Department.

Smallest Nanoelectronics

with Atomic Chain

Toshishige Yamada

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Rapid progress in STM experiment

1. Atom manipulation with STM

Fe on Cu:

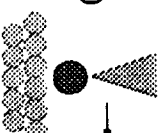
Crommie, Lutz, & Eigler, Science 262, 218 ('93)

Si on Si:

Avouris & Lyo, Science 253, 173 ('91)

H on Si:

Shen, Wang, Abeln, Tucker, Lyding, Avouris, & Walkup, Science 268, 1590 ('95)



2. Vertical I-V spectroscopy with STM

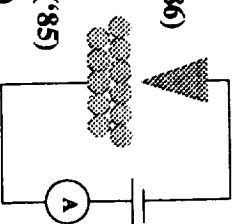
Si(111)2x1:

Stroscio, Feenstra, & Fein, PRL 57, 2579 ('86)

Si(111)7x7:

Becker, Golovchenko, Hamann, & Swartentruber, PRL 55, 2032 ('85)

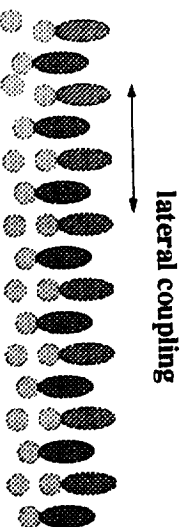
Kubby, Wang, & Green, PRB 43, 9346 ('91)



3. Lateral coherent coupling

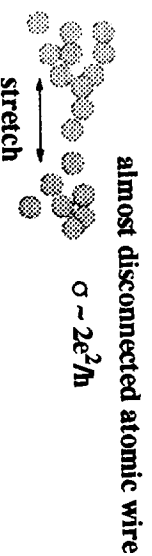
Si(111)2x1 dangling bond chain:

Stroscio, Feenstra, & Fein, JVST A 5, 838 ('87)



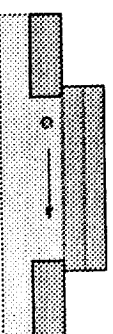
4. Conductance quantization

Muller, van Ruitenbeek, & de Jong, PRL 69, 140 ('92)



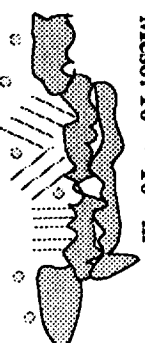
Smallest electronics with precise structures

Macro: $> 10^{-6}$ m



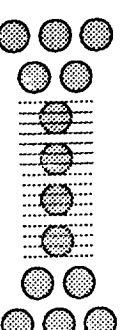
Uniform
Predictable
Controllable

Meso: $10^{-8} \sim 10^{-7}$ m



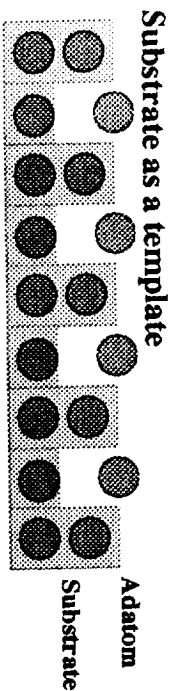
Nonuniform
Unpredictable
Uncontrollable

Atomic: $< 10^{-9}$ m

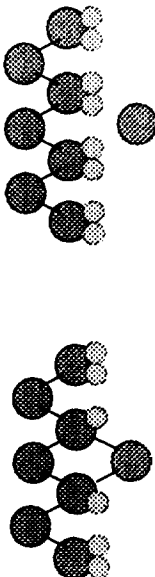


Uniform
Precise, accurate
Designable

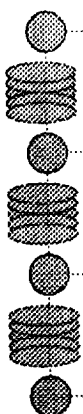
Precise structures



Floating or chemical bonding



Spacing d = electronic properties

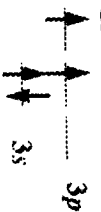


Electronic properties with tight-binding theory

Yamada, JVST B 14, 1243 ('96); A 15, 1280 ('97); B 15, 1019 ('97)

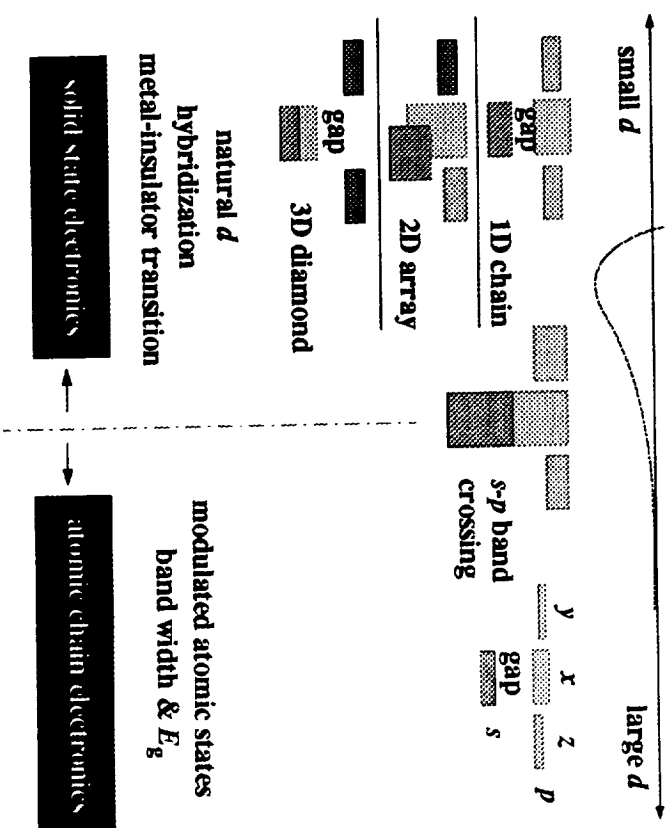
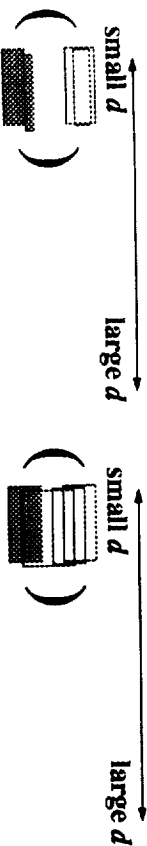
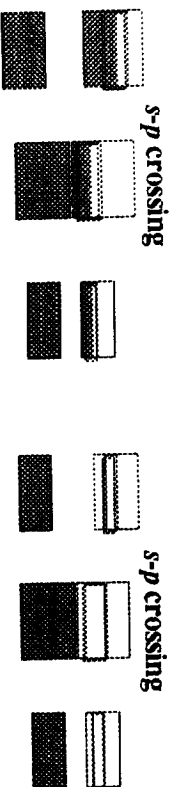
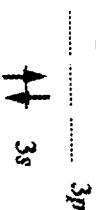
1D Si chain:

metallic regardless of d



1D Mg chain:

semiconducting regardless of d



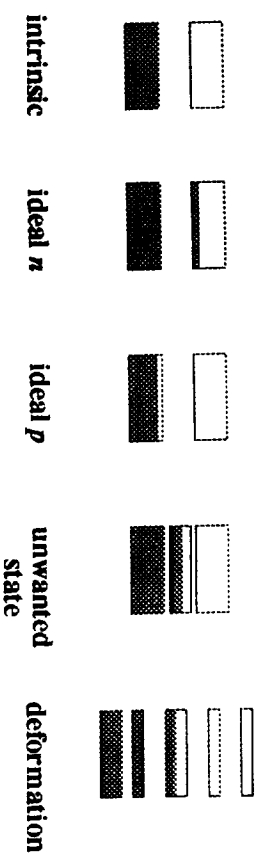
Electronics:

want p - and n -semiconductors

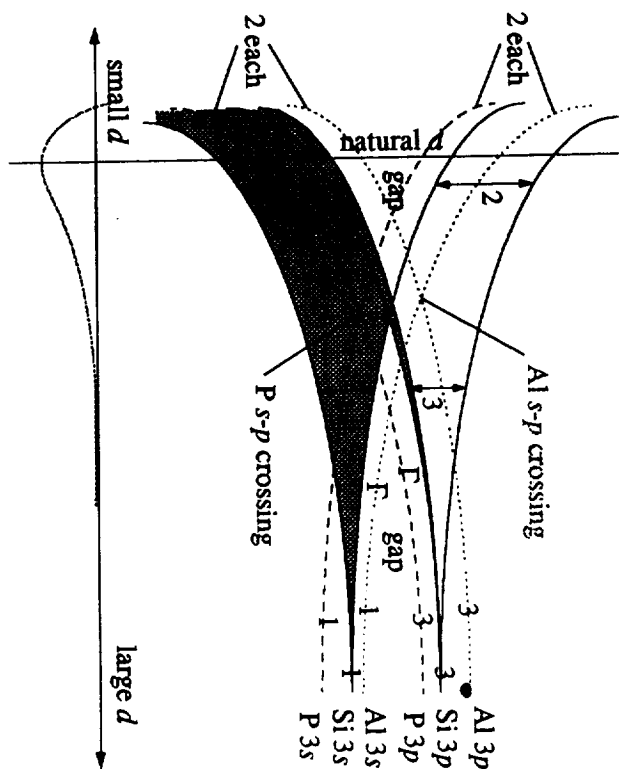
p n

Doping scheme:

dopant?
geometry?



3D Si band with acceptor Al and donor P

donor: group I (not III)
acceptor: group VII (not I)

(a) intrinsic semiconducting Mg

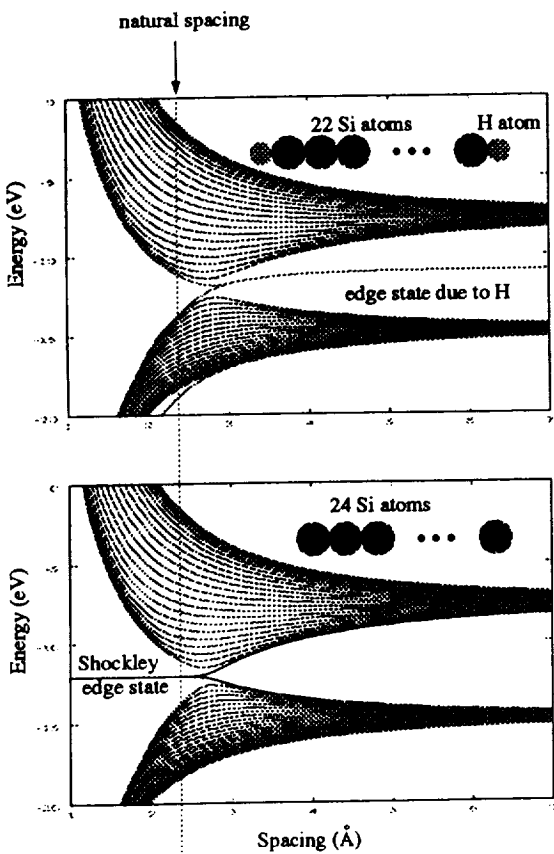
5 A

(b) modulation doped chain

(c) directly doped chain

5A

3D Si band with acceptor Al and donor P



**Adatom chain bound to
unreconstructed Si (100)
surface with unused
dangling bonds saturated
with hydrogen**

Group IV adatom

hydrogen

- **first layer silicon**

- **second layer silicon**

1. Reduce orbitals available for chain

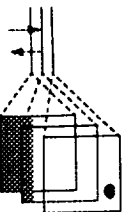
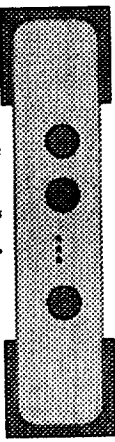
2. Unintentional doping

At contact:

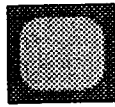
Yamada, JVST A 15, 1280 ('97)

Frequent exchange (Ohmic contact)

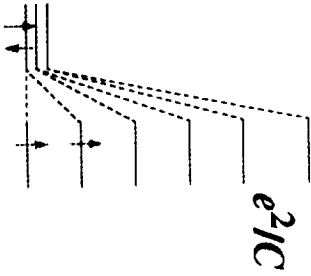
extended, large C



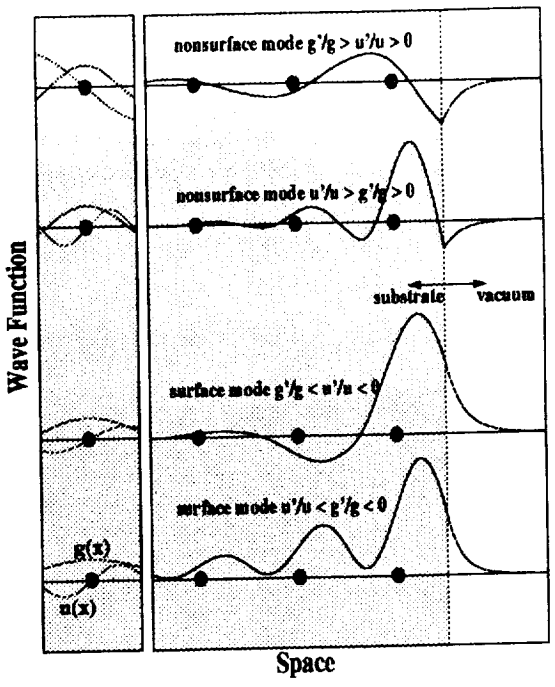
Infrequent exchange localized, small C



Coulomb blockade



Conditions for Shockley surface mode



Summary

Precise adatom structures on a regulated surface
as a template - no uncertainty

So far

- Mg chain: semiconducting
- Doping method:
Periodic, beside the chain
- Donors group I, acceptors group VII

Future

- Substrate effects
- Ohmic contact
- Transport through junctions
- Towards devices with gain